

Rolling Plan for Saint Lucia

As of April 2015

Basic Policy of Assistance	Overcoming Vulnerability (common to all CARICOM member countries)
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Priority Area 1	Disaster Risk Management and the Environment												
Development Issue 1-1 Improvement in Disaster Risk Management and the Environment	[Background and current situation] As Saint Lucia is a Small Island Developing State, the damage from flooding and land slides caused by hurricanes is severe and affects the development of agriculture and tourism which are the country's main industries, and it is an important challenge to overcome vulnerability to natural disasters, including Climate Change. As for waste management, while the operation and management of disposal sites are in effect to a certain degree, it is still a challenge to obtain widespread participation of ministries and sectors in implementing the 3Rs (Reduce, Reuse, Recycle). Increasing the ratio of renewable energy in the country's energy mix and promoting energy efficiency are required given the country's reliance on imported fuel for energy production.					[Strategy] Strengthening the capacity to cope with natural disasters such as frequent hurricanes and floodings in the Disaster Risk Management sector will be aimed at, including dissemination of the outcomes and lessons learned of past cooperation to other areas in the country. For coping with Climate Change, both adaptation and mitigation measures will be encouraged through the on-going program "Japan-Caribbean Climate Change Partnership." In the waste management, the participation of civil society and private companies in 3Rs will be promoted; the improvement in the operation and management of final waste disposal sites will be made; and increasing the ratio of renewable energy in the country's energy mix and promoting of energy efficiency will be supported, which will lead to overcoming vulnerabilities particular to Small Island Developing States. Sharing expertise and experience and promoting synergy with neighbouring countries with similar problems will be kept in mind while extending this assistance.							
	Japan's Assistance Program	Program Summary	Project	Scheme	Schedule						Assistance Amount (100 Million Yen)	Note	
					Before JFY 2014	JFY 2015	JFY 2016	JFY 2017	JFY 2018	JFY 2019			
		In the Disaster Risk Management sector, the capacity to cope with natural disasters will be strengthened. For coping with the Climate Change, both adaptation and mitigation measures will be encouraged through the on-going program "Japan-Caribbean Climate Change Partnership." In the Environment sector, the assistance necessary to overcome vulnerabilities particular to Small Island Developing States will be extended, focusing on waste management, increasing the ratio of renewable energy in the energy mix and promoting energy efficiency.	Grant Aid in the Disaster Risk Management Sector	GA							1.00	Provision of equipment produced in Tohoku region to contribute to capacity development for Natural Disasters	
			Disaster Risk Management in the Caribbean Region (Regional)	EXP							0.40	Caribbean Regional Programme based in St. Lucia and Jamaica	
			Training Program in the Disaster Risk Management Sector	TR									
			Japan-Caribbean Climate Change Partnership	GA								15.26 (Total for 8 countries)	Collaborating with UNDP for 8 countries
			Training Program in the Solid Waste Management Sector	TR									
	Training Program in other Environmental Sector		TR										
	Dispatching volunteers in the Environmental Sector		JOCV				-----						

Priority Area 2	Fisheries											
Development Issue 2-1 Assistance for Sustainable development of fisheries	<p>[Background and current situation] The main industries of Saint Lucia is agriculture, which centers on banana exports, and tourism. Diversification of industries is important for Saint Lucia because of the decline in banana production caused by England's discontinuation of low import duties, recent natural disasters such as hurricanes, and fluctuating prices in international markets. Therefore, the Government of Saint Lucia is promoting the development of fisheries in collaboration with the tourism sector. Additionally, the fishing industry plays an important role in distributing high-quality animal protein among the nationals, creating job opportunities and so on.</p>					<p>[Strategy] Sustainable development of fisheries will be assisted by promoting the effective use of facilities constructed by past Grant Aid for fisheries. Sharing expertise and experience and promoting synergy with neighbouring countries with similar problems will be kept in mind while extending this assistance.</p>						
	Japan's Assistance Program	Program Summary	Project	Scheme	Schedule						Assistance Amount (100 Million Yen)	Note
	Program on support for fisheries and fishing community development	Assistance which leads to community development, focusing on poor fishing villages around project sites and small scale fishermen, will be extended using facilities and equipment provided by previous Grant Aid for fisheries.	The project for improvement of fishery Equipment/Machinery	GA	Before JFY 2014	JFY 2015	JFY 2016	JFY 2017	JFY 2018	JFY 2019	5.60	
			Caribbean Fisheries Co-Management Project between fishermen and administration	TCP							2.64 (Total for 6 countries)	<i>Regional cooperation for 6 countries, based in St. Vincent & the Grenadines</i>
			Dispatching volunteers in the fisheries sector	JOCV			-----					
Training Program in the fisheries sector			TR									

Other												
Other	[Background and current situation] Although the economy of Saint Lucia is developing, the assistance provided by the Government for socially vulnerable people is not enough. In particular, there is a shortage of human resources to address rehabilitation of persons with congenital disabilities or disabilities caused by accidents, and also the measures used to support disabilities and to promote their social participation are insufficient. In the tourism sector, which has a lot of potential, only certain sections receive benefits and the related human capacity development is not enough.				[Strategy] Assistance will be extended which will contribute to human resource development which helps socially vulnerable people who are unreached by public service through dispatching JOCV, providing training programs and Grant Aid. Furthermore, assistance for income increase for youths and rural women through their increased involvement in tourism will be provided.							
	Japan's Assistance Program	Program Summary	Project	Scheme	Schedule						Assistance Amount (100 Million Yen)	Note
					Before JFY 2014	JFY 2015	JFY 2016	JFY 2017	JFY 2018	JFY 2019		
	Program on Support for socially vulnerable people	Regional rehabilitation activities will be strengthened by improving rehabilitation measures and lifestyle guidance by caretakers through human capacity development related to symptomatic therapy by physical therapists' and occupational therapists' guidance. Also, assistance for educational activities that promote better understanding of persons with disabilities will be extended. For youths, basic academic skills and cultivation of aesthetic sensibility will be learned in schools to encourage them to return to normal schooling.	Dispatching volunteers in alleviating social vulnerabilities	JOCV			-----					
			Training in alleviating social vulnerabilities	TR								
	Program on Support for income generation	The serious unemployment rate in rural areas and in the youth will be improved through increased employment opportunities in sectors such as tourism, promoting small scale local industries such as traditional handicrafts and vocational training.	Dispatching JOCV in income generation	JOCV			-----					
		Training in the tourism sector	TR									
Other Individual program		Grant aid for Medical and Health sector	GA		-----					0.06	GGP	

Legend: [PS] = Preparatory Survey, [DD] = Detailed Design, [TCP] = Technical Cooperation Project, [TCDP] = Technical Cooperation for Development Planning, [EXP] = Expert, [EQ] = Equipment, [CTR] = Country-focused Training, [TR] = Issue-based Training / Training Program for Young Leaders, [JOCV] = Japan Overseas Cooperation Volunteers, [SV] = Senior Volunteers, [TEXP] = Third-country Expert, [TTR] = Third-country Training, [ICT] = In-Country Training, [STC] = Science and Technology Cooperation on Global Issues, [JPP] = JICA Partnership Program, [xx-TA] = Technical Assistance implemented by organizations other than MOFA and JICA, [PCP-TC] = Private Companies Proposed-Technical Cooperation, [GA] = Grant Aid, [LA] = Loan Aid (ODA Loan), [ML] = Multilateral Cooperation, [SSM] = Support for Small and Medium sized Enterprise, Solid Line [—] = Schedule, Dash Line [- - - -] = Tentative Schedule